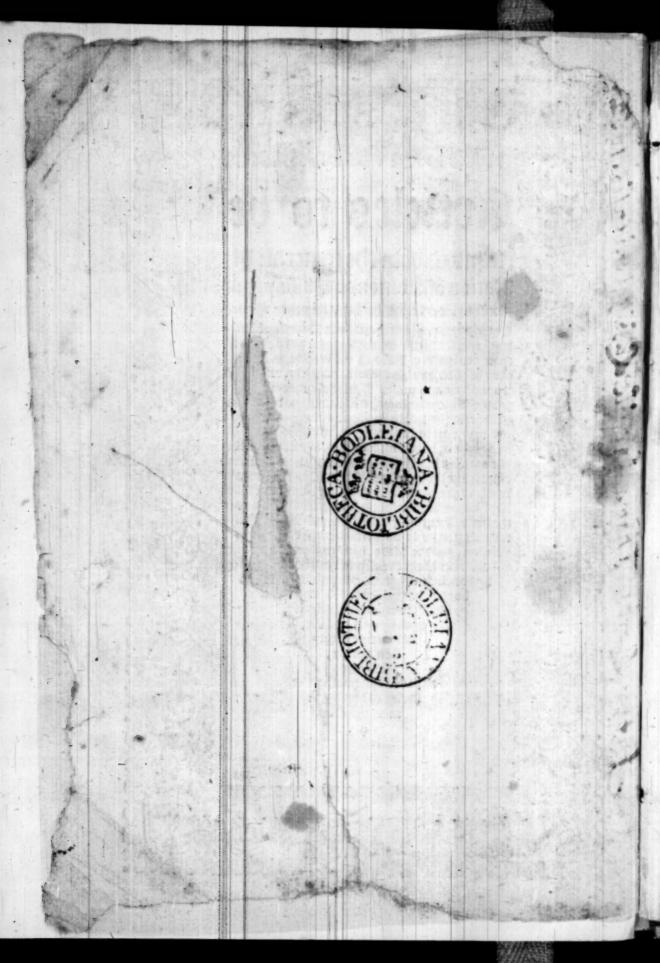


enquired of in the generall vi- & litation of Comonde Bilihoppe of

London, exercised by him the peare of oure Lorde, 1. 5. 5. 4. in the citic and Diocele of Lonbon , and fet forthe by the fame for his owne difcharge towardes God and the worlde, to the has nour of God, and his catholike churche, and to the commoditie and profite of all those, that eyther are good, (whiche he woulde were all), or deliteth in goodnelle, (which he willheth to be many , with= ont anye particular grudge of displeasure, to anye one good or badde within this Bealme, Subi= the articles he befreeth all men of their charitie, especialize those that are of his Diocele, to take whyth as good intente and minde, as he the fayde Byllhoppe wyllheth and delyzeth, whyche is to the belte. And the farbe Brillhoppe soy hall befy reth all people to biderstande, that a hatsocuer opinion, good or babbe, have conceput of him, or subatioeucr blage of custome hath bent heretofore

bys onelye intente and purpole is to boe his
buette charitablye, and with that
love, fanoure, and respects,
both towardes God,
and energe Chie
fren person,
whyche
anne Bysshoppe shoulde
thewe to his slocks
in any wise.

London 278 (8)



The firste Articles

are concernyng the Clergie, because they muld of duetie give good example, and that their faulte is more in dede, and more worthy e punishmente, then the faultes of the laytie.

Irfte whether the Clergie, to grue epsample to the lartie, have in their living, in their teaching, and in their doinge so behaved them selses, that they (in the judgemente of indifferent personnes) have declared the selses, to searche prin

cipally the honour of God, this churche, the helth of the loules of luch, as are committed to their cure and charge, the quietnesse of their paristioners, and the welthe and honoure of the king and Queene of this Realme.

Tem whether your person, bicare, of anye other ministryng as prieste within your parishe, have bene, of is married, of takes for married, not yet separated from his concubine of woman, taken for wise, of whether the same woman be deade of yet ly-uyng, and being syung, whether the one resofteth to the other openia, secretly, of sclaunderouslye, mayntennyng, supporting, of sinding the same in any wise to the offense of the people.

Tem whether there be anye personne, of what estate, condition, of degree he be, that do the in 0= 3 pen talke, of principe desende, maynteyne, of bp. 3.11. hold s

bolde the marriage of prieftes, encouraginge or bols byng any person to the defense thereof.

Tem whether ye have your person or bicare relident continually with you boon hys benefice,
doping hys duetie in the serving of the cure, and
whether beinge able he do kepe hospitalitie boon the
same, seading hys stocke with his good lyuing, with
his teaching, and his releaving of them to his power.

fente, haue a sufficiente dispensation and licence therein, a whether in his absence he do appopute an honest, able, and sufficient learned curate to supplie his rowing and absence to serve his cure.

Tem whether your person of vicare, by him selfe of his good and sufficient deputie, so, him do releane hys poofe parishioners, repayee, a maynteyne his house of mansion, and thinges therebute apperteyning, and otherwise doo his duetie, as by the ofder of the lawe, and custome of this realme he ought to doe.

ablence of your person or vicare do in al pointes the best he can to minister the sacramentes as a crametals, a other his duetie in serving frame cure, specially in celebrating divine service at conveniente houres thiesty upon sondayes and holye dayes, and procession dayes, a ministring the sayd sacramentes and sacrametalles, as of duetie and reason he ought, movinge and exporting carnestly his patissioners to come

to me buto, and devoutipe to heare the same. Ind whether he him selfe do reverently celebrate, practice minister, and ble the same as apperteyneth.

Tem whether he the fand curate, personne, or bi a care, have bene, or is of suspecte doctrine, erront. ouse opinion, misbelese, or entil sudgemente, or do set forth, preache, sauoure, and or manntene the same contrarge to the catholike sayth, and order of this realme.

Tem whether they or any of them doth haunte, or relorte to ale houses or tauernes, otherwyle then for his or their houses necessitie and reliefe, or repayre to anye dilinge houses, common bowlinge alies, suspecte houses or places, or doe haunte and ble common games or playes, or behave the selses others wyle bupriestly and busemely.

Tem whether they or anye of them be familiar, or kepe companye, and be conversaunt with any suspect person of earls conversation and synyng, or erronious opinion or doctrine, or be noted, to ayde, sauoure, and assiste the same in any wyse, contrary to the good order of this realme, and the blage of the cast thouse churche.

Tem whether there be dwellynge within anye pour parythes any prieste, forcener, straunger, or other, who not presented to the Billhop of this diocele, or his officers, examined a admitted by some one of them, both take by on him to serve anye cure, or to minister any sacramentes or factamentalies with.

I,iy

in the layb parythe.

Jem whether there be dwellinge wythin anye your parythes, or repaying thether any priest, or other naming hym felfe minister, which both not come diligently to the churche to heare the diame service or sermons there, but absenteth hym selfe, or discourageth other by his example or wordes to come but o the same, expressinge their name and surename with sufficient knowledge of them.

nampng them selfes ministers, that do kepe anye assembles of conventicles with such like, as they are in office of secte to set footh anye doctrine of blage not allowed by the lawes a laudable customes of this realme, of whether there be any resort of any of them to any place for any prime sectures, sermons, playes, games, of other deutles not expectely in this realme by sawes allowable.

Tem whether there be anye of them, whiche is a common brawler, scoulder, a sower of discorde as mong his parishioners, a hawker, a hunter, or speding his time ydely and but hristely, or being a fornica toure, an advouterer, a dronkard, a common swearer, or blashemer of God or his sayntes, or an buruly or entil disposed person, or that bath come to his benefice or promotion by simonic, bulawfull suite, or bugodly meanes in any wyse.

Tem whether they and energehe of them to the best of their powers at al tymes have exhorted & stirred

Rirred the people to quietnes and concord, and to the obedience of the Kinge and Dueenes maiesties and they, officers, rebukyng all sedition a tumulte with all bulawful assembles, moving the people to charitie and good order, and charginge the fathers and most hers, maysters a governours of youth to kepe good rule, a to instruct them in bertue and goodnes, to the honoure of God, and of this realme, and to have them occupied in some honeste arte and occupation to gette they, lyuyng therby.

person to recease the blessed sacrament of the austrace, who are openly knowen, or suspected to be adversaries and speakers agayns the sayd sacramet, or any other article of the catholike sayth, or to be a no toxious evil person in his conversation or doctrine, an open oppresser, or evil doer to his neyghbour, or being in hatred and malice with his sayd neyghbor, not being cosessed, reconciled, and having made satisfaction in that behalfe.

Tem whether they or any of them have of their owne aucthoritie admitted and licenced ange to 17 preache in their cure, not being aucthorised and mitted therebuto, or have denied or refused suche to preache, as have bene lawfully licensed. And whether they or any of the having aucthoritie to preache with in their cures, both ble to preache, or at the least doth procure other lawfull and sufficient persons to dothe same, according to the order of this realme.

Item

- maichies proclamation bath or doth ble, to layor linge dinine feruice, minister the facramentes or facramentalles, or other thinges in English contrary to the order of this realme.
- for the kyng and Duenes maielties, by the nasmes of king Philippe and Duene Parye, according to a letter and commaundement therin lawfully gyuen now of late buto them by they, ordinarye.
- Diligently moved a exhorted their paristioners, howe and in what maner children should be baps tysed in tyme of necessitie, and they the sayd paristioners ners reverently and devoutly to prepare them selfes to receave and bie the sacramentes, especially of the sacramente of the austare. And whether any person have refused or contempned to receave the sayd Sacrament of the austare, or to be confessed, and receave at the priesses hande the benefite of absolution, according to the laudable custome of this realme.
- Deligently bilited his and their parishioners in the tyme of syckness and nede, and ministred sacramentalles to them accordingly, and whether they have exhorted a monished them to have due respecte to their soule helthe, and also to sette an order in their temporall landes and goodes, declaring their debtes persitely, and what is owing buto

and lake wiles, that as muche as maye bee, all trouble and buspnes may be excluded, they wrues and childerne with they frendes maye be holpen and fuccoured, and them selfes decentive burged and prayed for, and to have an honest memorye and commendations for they, so doing.

Tem whether they and energehe of the hane lost emposited matry mony between any his parishis 22 oners, or any eother personnes, (the banes not before alked.iii, severall sondayes or holye dayes) or withoute certificate of the sayde banes, from the custate of any other parishe, y fany of them be of another paryshe, and whether (touching the solempnization and ble of this Sacrament of matrimony, and also of all other the sacramentes of the Churche) they have kepte and observed the olde and saudable custome of the Churche without any einnovation or alteration in any of the same.

Tem whether they and energe of them boon 23 the fondage at the fernice time both ble to fette forth and declare but the people all suche holpe dages and fastinge dages, as of godlye blage and custome hath heretofore laudablye bene accustomed to be kept and observed in the weke followinge and encuing, and whether they and energe of them dothe observe and kepe them solves the saybe holye dages and fasting dages.

Tem whether the person of bicare both repapte and mansion house 24

in sufficient reparation, and (the same being in decay) whether he dothe bestowe yearelye the syste parte of his benefice, till suche tyme, the same bee sufficientlye repayzed, doing also surther his duetie therein, and otherwyle, as by the lawe he is charged and bounde in that behalfe, distributinge and doinge, as he is bounde by the lawe.

- Tem whether there be any personne, that both serue any Cure, or mynyster any Sacramentes, not being prieste, or yf anye doo take byon them to ble the rowne and office of the personne, or biscare, or Curate, of anye benefice, or spirituall promotion, receasing the fructes thereof, not being admitted therebuto by the ordynary.
- Tem whether they and energine of them both goo in priestly apparell and habite, having they; berdes and Crownes shaven, or whether any of the doth go in laye mens habites apparel, or others wyse disguyse them selses, that they can not easely be discerned or knowen from laye men.
- promotions, and benefices ecclefialticall, Cures, fecular feruyces, yearely pensions, Annuyties, fermes, or other revenues, nowe in title or possession, and what the names of them bee, and where they lye, gruing al good instruction, and perfect Information therein.
- pels appropried, and manlious, or houses thereo apperters

apperteyninge, boo kepe they? Chauncelles and houses in good and sufficient reparations, and whee ther they doo all thinges in distributions and almose of otherwise, as by lawe and good of der they ought to doo.

Tem whether any such, as were ordered scilmatically and contrary to the olde order a custome of the catholike churche, or being bulawfully and scilmatically e married after the late innovation and maner, being not pet reconciled nor admitted by the ordinarye, have celebrated or laybe either Masse or other divine service within any cure or place of this citie or diocese.

Tem whether any person of vicare, of other had upng ecclesiasticall promotion, do lette oute the 30 same to ferme without consent, knowledge, allocence of his ordinary, especially for an unreasonable number of yeares, or with suche conditions, qualities, or maners, that the same is to the great presudice of the churche, and the incumbente of the same, and especially of him, that shall succede therein.

Tem whether there be any personne, bicare, custate, or priest, that occupieth buying and selling 31 as a marchaunt, or occupieth blurge, or layeth out his moneye for folly lucres sake, and gayne, to the sclaunder of priesthode.

Tem whether they or anye of them doe weare 32 swordes, daggers, or other weapon in tymes and places not convenient or semely.

28.4. Item

Jem whether any priest or ecclesiasticall person have reiterated or renewed baptisme, whyche was lawfullye done before, or invented and so lowed any newe fashion or some, contrary to the order of the catholike churche.

Temwhether the person, bicare, oz curate do (ac boon one solempne daye oz moo, it is to wyte, byon one solempne daye oz moo, it is to wyte, byon the sondaye oz solempne seast (when the parishioners by the ozder of the Churche do come toges ther) exposide and declare by him selfe, oz some other sufficient person but the people in the bulgare oz co mon tongue, playulye, truely, and stuitefully the arsticles of the catholike sayth, the tenne commaundes mentes, expressed in the olde lawe, the two commaundementes of the Gospell oz newe lawe, that is, of ears nessed out to God, and to our energy boure, the seuen workes of mercy, the seuen deadly synnes with their ofsprynge, prograye, and ysue, the seuen principall bertues, and the seuen sacramentes of the churche.

Tem whether that every priest hanyng cure, bo admonythe the women (that are wyth childe) wythin his cure to come to confession, and to recease the lacramet (especially when their time draweth nye) and to have water in readines to christen the chylde wyth, yf necessitie so require it.

Tem whether stipendarre priestes doe behand them selfes discretelye and honestly in all pornstes towardes their person or bicate, grupngan othe, and dornge according to the lawe and ecclesia.

mes in that behalfe.

Tem whether anye person, bicare, or other has uping any ecclesiasticall promotion, have made 37 any alienation of any thing, perterning to their churche, benefice, or promotion, what it is, and what warraunt they had so to bo.

Carticles concerning Archedeacons their officialles and miniflers.

hathe executed and done his office in all popules, according to the order of the lawe, and the eccleliasticall constitutions and laudable customes of the churches.

farthfully and profitably visited at the churches within their Archedeacories, inquiring diligetally, howe divine service in all poyntes hath bene teles brated and sayd, the sacramentes and sacramentalles ministred, and howe the ornamentes of the churche have bene kept, and what lacke hath bene there of the or what saulte hath bene in them, and generally of all thruges spirituals and temporals, appertryinge to the good ordre of their Archedeaconries and the said thurches, correcting and punyshing visigents by and saythfully all suche offences, transgressions, a crymes, as appertryineth to the morthy punishment and resoumation.

Item

and provide, that the bleffed Sacrament of the aultare be reverently referred a kepte in a pire, and hanged byon the aultare, or otherwyse decently and safely kept and placed. And that the hoste sores served in the pire, be ones in the weke taken and receased of the prieste, or syche personne, for whome the same is reserved, and another consecrate hoste to be put in the place thereof, and the same not to be suffered there longe to continue, but chaunged a renewed according to the olde custome, and blage of the Churche.

Tem whether they and every of them have admonified the persons, bicares, curates, and all other prieftes, being called, or comming to anye licke person, making his Teltament and late will to putte the licke perlon in remembraunce of the greate spople and robberge, that of late hath bene made of the goodes, ornamentes, and thinges of the churche, enboating thatitably the lame not only to relieve and helpe the nedy persons being abroade, but also accors Ding to the olde and laudable custome bled in tymes path, effectually to remember both his parithe church, and the nede thereof and allo the catheball and mo. ther church of this citie and diocefe of London, relies uping the same with some what, according to his denotion and power, and whether the land perlong, bis cares, curates, and other the layd prieftes haue done accordingly.

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virsmitte that flads time madige slopene

anyon agliannia and an gani Catticles

Carticles concernynge the thyn ge of the Churche, and ornamentes of the same.

Ith whether there be at the entree of go churche or within the doze of the same an tholy water stocke or potte, havinge in it holy water to sprinckle byon genterer to putte bym in remembraunce both of

his promise made at the tyme of his baptime, and of the shedding a sprynckeling of Christes bloude by on the Crosse sor his redemption, and also to put hym in remembrature, that as he wasseth his body, so he shulde not sorgette to wasse and clense his soule, and make it sagre with vertuouse and godlye good sy uinge, and spnally to put hym in remembrature, that as water passeth and sippeth awaye, so he shall not targe and abyde in this worlde, but passe and syde awaye, as the water dothe.

Temwhether there be enery soday holy water and holy breade made, and distributed among. 2 est the parythoners, thou adone sor considerations, asore rehearled, thother practized aswell to put men in remembraunce of buttle accuroide, expressed by the severall grapnes, whiche beinge manye, are grounde and brought to one lose made of them al, as also to bringe to memory the bluage of the prinature Churche, which was to have often, and especially e on the Sondaye a Communyon between the multistude, for lacke of whiche Communion this holy e breade is nowe gruen men to buderstand, that they mulde have done the other, and so lacke of the same

boo nowe receaue this for a memory thereof.

Tem whether there be a pare in the churche, not onely to put people in remembraunce of the peace that Christe bequeathed to his disciples, but of that peace that Christe by his death purchased for the people, and also of that peace, whyche Christe wold have between god and man, man and man, and man to hym selfe. And the sayd pare in the Churche to be kist of the priest, and to be carried to the parishioners at Masse time in especial remembraunce of the premises.

Tem whether there be any, that refuseth to rescause the sayd holy water or holy breade, or resuseth to take the pare, or to hylle the prieste at the solempnisation of matrimony, or ble any such lyke cestemonies, heretofore bled a observed in the churche.

tare of stone, consecrated a dedicated specially to saye or singe Masse boon, and it is not ment any grave stone taken from the buriall, or other busemes ly place, and put up sor an austare, but a meete and convenient stone, as both bene accustomed in tymes palled in the Churche sor Masse decentive and cominge to be sayd or songe therebyon.

Tem whether the thynges bnderwitten (whise the are to be founde on the coste of the parishios ners) be in the churche, it is to wyte, a legende, an Antiphonar, a Grayle, a Plaster, a Distination of the churche, and a plaster and a possible of the parishios and antiphonar, a Grayle, a plaster, a Distinate, a Manuale

Manuale, & Broceffional, a Chalice two Cruettes a principal vestiment, with Chilable a bestiment for the Descon and Subdeacon, a Cope with the appertes naunces, it is to wyte, an Imife, Albe, Girdle, Stole and fannon, the bye aultare with apparell in the fronte, and other partes thereof, three Toinels, this Surplices, a Rochette, a Croffe for Proceffion wyth Candelfrekes, a Croffe for the beade, an Incenfer, a Shyppe oz beffell foz frankenfence, a lytle fauctes bell a Dyre byth an honest and Decent coner and a payle for the lente, Banners for the rogation weeker Bels and Coopes a Bere for the beade, a heffel to car ry holy water about, a Candelftycke for the Daschall taper, a fonte to Chailten chyldren weth touerynge and locke, and beye, and generally all other thynges whyche after the cultome of the countrye or place, the parishioners are bounde to fynde, maputepne, and kepe. places of the Churche due propagate dance

Tem in case suche thynges be in the Churche, 7 when they were prouyded and vsed, of they be not, by whose faulte and negligence the same procedeth.

Tem whether there be a Churchegarde, and plag
it be, whether the same be well and honefly repayzed and kept, so that no cattell, specially hoge
ges and filthye beattes be suffered to come m, and detyle it.

Tem whether there be a Crucifice, a roobe lofte :
as in tymes patt harb bene accustomed; and pf 9
not, in here the crucifipe oproobe lofte is become,
C.y. and

and by whole negligener the thyng both wante.

Tem whether the water confectated, beyng in the fonte, be ones in a moneth at the least duelye chaunged and renewed, according to the olde custome of the Churche.

Tem whether in the layd Churche there be a Chipfmatozpe for holpe ople and Chipfme, descently and well kepte after the olde custome, and whether the layd ople and Chifme be also therein, & frequented and bled, as they ought to be.

tes and pewes for the parishioners to sytte in, hourstly prepared, and kept after the olde blage and custome, and the doores, will dowes, and alother places of the Churche duely repayred and kept.

Tem whether there hath bene, or be anye plate, or namentes, or Jewels, belies. Candellyckes, or or leade, or other goodes, of, and in the layde Churche, what they were or be, and in whose handes they were or are, or whether thei be alienated or pled ged, declarying the value thereof.

Tem whether there both bene made any invension taken inventaries of the same church goodes, and where the sayd inventaries are, and whese there here be wanting the sayd plate, Jewels, or or namentes specified in the sayd inventaries, and besing such wante by what occasion a meane the same is, and by whose commandement and dorng.

Item

Tem whether the layd Albes, bestimentes, and 16 all other ornamentes be kepte cleane and well, and sufficiently repayzed and magniteyned.

C Articles concernynge the Laytpe.

prffe whether there be any laye person, man or woman, that is a notable and open transgressor and breaker of any of the tenne community maundementes of god, or an open offendor in any of the. by. deadly sinnes, or of the laus dable customes and ordynaunces of the catholyke churche.

Tem whether there be any laye perlon, man or woman, that hath layed violet handes upon any 2 Ecclelialticall perlon, especyally being in holye orders.

Tem whether there be any lay person, man, wo ma, oz chyld, berng of sufficient age and discretis on, that can not say the Pater notter, the Que Maria, and the Crede.

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and by whole negligener the theng both wante.

Tem whether the water confectated, beyng in the fonte, be ones in a moneth at the least duelye channged and renewed, according to the olde custome of the Churche.

Cem whether in the layd Churche there be a Chipfmatoppe for holpe ople and Chipfme, desceptly and well kepte after the olde custome, and whether the layd ople and Chifme be also therein, & frequented and bled, as they ought to be.

tes and pewes for the paristioners to spite in, hourstly prepared, and kept after the olde blage and custome, and the Doores, windowes, and al other places of the Churche duely repayred and kept.

Tem whether there bath bene, or be anye plate, or namentes, or Jewels, belies. Candellyckes, or or leade, or other goodes, of, and in the laybe Churche, what they were or be, and in whose handes they were or are, or whether thei be alienated or pled ged, declarying the value thereof.

Temwhether there both bene made any invension tary or inventaries of the same church goodes, and where the sayd inventaries are, and whether there be wantyng the sayd plate, Jewels, or or namentes specified in the sayd inventaries, and besing suche wante by what occasion a meane the same is, and by whose commandement and dorng.

3tem

Tem whether the layd Albes, bestimentes, and 16 all other ornamentes be kepte cleane and well, and sufficiently repayzed and magniteyned.

C Articles concernynge the Laytpe.

prfie whether there be any laye person, man or woman, that is a notable and open transgressor and breaker of any of the tenne commaundementes of god, or an open offendor in any of the. by. deadly sinnes, or of the laus dable customes and ordynaunces of the catholyke churche.

Tem whether there be any laye person, man or woman, that hath layed violet handes bonany ccclesialticall person, especyally being in holye orders.

Tem whether there be any lay person, man, wo má, oz chyld, berng of sufficient age and discretis on, that can not say the Pater notter, the Auc Maria, and the Crede.

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- Contracted matrymonye with any one, beyng of Contangupatie or affinitie prohybeted, or hath pryuely contracted and made any matrymony with any person.
- Tem whether there be any ma, that bely des his wyfe hathe kept, or dothe kepe a Concubyne, or carnally hath had to doo with anye other mans wyfe or other person.
 - Tem whether there be any woman, that belides her hulbande hath taken any other manne, and carnally hath had to do with hym.
- Tem whether any man hath had, or nowe hath is, wrues lyuyng at ones, or any woman is. hule bandes lyuyng at one tyuic, especyally no lawes full dyuorse beyng made between them.
 - Tem whether there hath bene or bee any, that doth not faythfully, duely, and truckye page hys tythes, oblations, Crylomes, Clerckes, wages, the holy loofe, and all other ecclelialtical dueties, as of teason and laudable custome they ought to doo.
- of the same there be any person, that is an notos riouse or commen blerer, which lendeth his mos ney for bulawfull and excelly ue gayne and sucre, contrary to the manyfest woordes of the scripture, to the eugli example of other chrysten people, to the dauger of the sowne soule, and to the better budopug and hynder of the soule, and to the better budopug and hynder of the soule, and to the better budopug and hynder of the soule, and to the better budopug and hynder of the soule, and to the better budopug and hynder of the soule, and to the better budopug and hynder of the soule, and to the better budopug and hynder of the soule, and to the better budopug and hynder of the soule, and to the better budopug and hynder of the soule, and to the better budopug and hynder of the soule, and to the better budopug and hynder of the soule, and to the better budopug and hynder of the soule, and to the better budopug and hynder of the soule, and to the better budopug and hynder of the soule, and to the better budopug and hynder of the soule, and to the better budopug and hynder of the soule, and to the better budopug and hynder of the soule, and to the better budopug and hynder of the soule, and the soule of the soule of the soule, and the soule of the soule, and the soule, and the soule of the soule, and the soule of the s

deraunce of many, especially of poore and yonge bei

Tem whether there be any bawdes, men or wood men, that doth kepe within hys or their houses, or elies where any strompettes or harlottes, to have the more resorte to their houses, and better there by their chaffer and wares, to their moore wordely advantage, and whether there be any behemently suspected therefore of conveying or keping ronge we ches for such e bulawfull and bugodly purposes.

Tem whether there have bene any men, women or chyldren of the age of. riii, yeares and above. Who be pon londayes and holye dayes have gone a huntynge or hawkyng, beare baytyng, games, and other playes, dylporte, and palletymes, or who hath be pon the layd londayes or holy dayes wyllyngly absented them leifes from their parythe churche in the tyme of deupne leruyce, and who be pon fayned occasions, eyther bean the even before, or the lame daye in the morning doth ble to go for the abroade oute of their parythes into the fieldes or countreye, or other where, or doth lecretly kepe them leifes in their houses, and doo not come to their leruice, as they ought to doo.

Tem whether there hath bene ange, that hath murmured, grudged, or spoken against dyrects 12 ly or indeprectly the masse, or other deupne sers upce, administration of sacramentes and sacramens talles, as holy breade, holy water, palmes, askes, Creping of the Crosse, holy oyle and Chrisime, beas

gnyr

ryng of Palmes and Candels, burying of the deade, praying for them, specially in sayinge of Diriges and commendations, or in blyng any laudable or godly ce remony of the Churche, heretofore bled and accustomed, or ghath made noyle, tangled, talked, or played the soole in the Churche in the tyme of dinine service or preaching, to lette or disturbe the same in any wife.

Tem whether there be any, that hath maynteys ned and holden the opinion or beliefe, that a man hath no free wyll, and that all thynges do come and chaunce by a precyse and absolute necessitie, so that whatsoever any one doth, he doth it not of free wyll, but of mere necessitie, and can not choose, but so to do, and that therfore whosever is dampned, is dampned through Gods defaulte. A not of his owne free wyll and choyse. And whether any hath mayneteyned or holden opinion, that fayth alone wythout charitie, hope, and good workes in time doth suffie. Or thinke the same a holsome and profytable doctrine to be taught and preached abroade.

Tem whether there be any, that is a Sacrasmentary, an Anabaptific, or Lybertyne, eyther
in reiteratyng baptifine agayne, or in holdynge
any of the opinions of the Anabaptifies, especiallye
that a Christen man or woman oughte not to sweare
before a sudge, nor one to sue another in the lawe for
bys ryght, and that all thynges should be common.

Jolden, magntegned, or defended any opinion or doctrine, contrary to the catholike fagth a unitie

of the catholike Churche, a hath fauozed and mapnitepned suche, as hath holden the same of tyke erroniouse opinion of doctrine, of hath kept of bled any bookes of wiptynges, conteyninge the same envil doctrine, of hathe bled to reade, of resoft to any private of secrete lectures.

Tem whether there hath bene any, that hath not in Lent last passed bene cofessed of his owne curate, or by hys scence of some other honeste priest, and receased the blessed Sacrament of the austare, according to the order of the carholike churche.

Doth wylfully interrupte, lette, or diffurbe anye preacher in the tyme of his fermon, or diffurbe, discourage, or letany curate or prieste to singe or sape Masse, Euensonge, or other divine service, or to minister the Sacramentes or Sacramentalies in Lastyne, accordynge to the olde laudable custome of the Churche, or that doeth mocke, Jeste at, threaten, or beate any priest for saying Masse, or suche divine service, or so minister, or so mini

Tem whether there be any, that wyll not have 18 hys chylde Chistened, but in the Englythe tons gue, not have any leruice in the Churche, except it be done in the layd Englythe tongue.

Tem whether there be any, that wyll not luffer the priest to dyppe the chylde three tymes in the fonte, beynge yet stronge, and able to abyde and suffer it in the sudgement and opinion of discrete and experte persons, but wyll nedes have the chylde in the

the clothes, and onlye to be spanchled with a fewe droppes of water.

that hath wyllyngly and wilfully doubted in any article of the catholike fayth, or that hath openly disputed, or bureuerently talked in anye open places of the same, not submittyng hym selfe in all poputes to the catholike Churche, but wylfully defending his owne erronious opinion and belefe, contrary to serio ture, encouragings other to the maynteynaunce of their foly, and to induce other to the same.

Tem whether there hath bene, or nowe is anye notable eugli rule, and manifelt dilorder in breaking the lawes of GDB, and the ordinaunces and laudable customes of the catholike Churche, and many thrnges worther reformation and correction in the late Minores, or at Bedlem, or at laynet Martens le graunde, the late blacke fryars, the white frients, the graye fryars, Augustyne fryars, cruched frients, laynete katherines, or other places in, or aboute the citie of London.

Tem whether there hath bene any, that denieth or refuseth to go in procession boon sondayes or other dayes, when it is bled, or that departed out of the Churche, before that serupce be done, without a full and reasonable cause so do.

the landages of holye dayes hath worked of las borto ferugle worke, of hath kepte open they? Coppes, of otherwyle occupyed and exercyled they?

handy craftes and occupations on the same bayes, to the sclaunder of other, and contrary to the laudable custome and blage of the catholike Churche.

Tem whether there both beneaup bytlers, tauerners, or ale house kepers, that on the sonday: 24
es and holy dayes have comonly bled to sell and
btter their bittals, meate, and drynke, and chaffer, &
to kepe their doores open in the tyme of divine seruice agaynst the godly order & blage of the churche.

Tem whether there hath bene any, that beynge able to lynge at the least hys playne longe (and who in the tyme of the Englyshe leruyce byd commonly ble to lynge in the quere) doth nowe lynce the fettyng losth, and renewyng of the olde leruice in the Latyne tongue, absent and wythdrawe hym selfe fro the quere, declaryng and expressing the names, suremanes, and dwellyng places of all suche persons.

Tem whether there hath bene anye contention, 26 discorde, debate, or stryfe betwene any paryshios ners of any paryshe, especially in the tyme of distince for systemate in pewer or seater in the Churche, or sor anye other cause or matter, to the sclaunder of the rest of the people, declarying what it is, and betwene whome.

Tem whether there hath hene any, that by open facte, dede, or threatening hath compelled, caus 27 fed, or otherwise procured, or induced anye custate or priest to synge or save anye common prayer or ferugee, or to minister any sacrament privally or open.

ly, contrary to the order of the catholike thurche.

- Tem whether there hath bene, or is anye regifire booke in the churche, lafely kept bnder locke
 and keye, in the whych there are wrytten enery
 fondage the weddynges, christenynges, and burpinges, that were had the webe before, and whether the
 fame have bene accordingly done.
- Tem whether there bath bene anye person, man or woman, lawfully before precontracted, or mar ried to other, whych afterward hath broken the contracte, and married to another person, especially e the banes not lawfully asked.
- Daye, as it cometh to his course and turne, bath payed and gruen the holye loofe with other accustomed dueties and offeringes, as of olde custome it hath bene laudatly vsed.
- Tem whether there be any, that hath eate fielde boon anye fishe daye, and hath broken the fasting dayes, (such as of olde aunciente custome hath bene laudably kepte and observed) gruynge offense and sclaunder to other in their doynges.
- Tem whether there be any, that at the factynge tyme, which do hange downe their heades, hyde them felfes behynde pyllers, turne awaye their faces, or do depart out of the churche at that tyme.

Itent

Tem whether parishe clerkes or leptens be obes 33 dient to their persons, vicares and curates in thynges that be lawfull and honest.

Tem whether there be any, that Doble charmes 34 wytchecraft, lozcery, inchauntementes, falle southlayinges, or any luch like thing, inueted by the crafte of the deuill.

Tem whether suche legacies (as were bequeathed for the repaying of high waves, funding
of poore scholers, marrying of poore maybens, a
other suche lyke dedes of charytie) be faythfully and
truely payde and performed.

Bookes, that hath space the begynning of the Bookes of the Chismaticalland slaunderous community on the lyke homelies, and such other bookes, having in the hereticalland bampnable oppnions, desclaring and specifying their name, sir name, a dwelling place.

Tem whether there be any, that hath prented or 37 folde flaunderous Bookes, Ballades, or playes, contrary to christen religion, declaring and spectyling their names, surenames, a dwellyng places.

Tem whether any laye person of hys owne auc:
thoritye have expounded and declared any poz:
tyon or parte of scripture in any churche, or els
where, or put the same to prynting or wrytyng, affirming and maynteyning, that every prynate and laye
person may so doo withoute approbatyon of anye or
dynarye,

D, iii.

Item

That hath refused contempned, or denred to bringe his childe, being christened, but o the billhoppe to be confirmed, or that hath distincted or discouraged any other so doo.

Tem whether the churchewardernes & other being monyshed in the archedeacons buitation to proughe for necessarye thruges, that dyd wante in the churche, have (according to the monition and commaundements to them gruen) sufficiently and well provided for the same.

Tem whether there be any scriptures of pictus
res paynted of sectorth whom the walles of the
churche, of otherwise within the churche, a per
remayning, which chieffy and principally do tende to
the maynteynaunce of carnall libertie, especially e in
eating and drinking byon all dayes, fasting, of other
all maner meates a drynkes, of for the defense of the
marryage of priestes, and incontinente lyse with defacynge of vertuouse and godly lyuyng, of to the expresse derogation and saunder of the blessed sacramente of the austare.

mapliers, and teachers of chylben, men of women.

Fielle

Irl whether they, that take byon them is to teache chyldren, whether it be Engilishe, or Latyne, to linge, or playe, or luche lyke, bee them selfes sober, and discrete, of honest and bertuous lyuing, conversatio, and behausour, with other good a commendable qualities, so that they may edifye and profyte the scholers, as well by their lyuing, conversation, and good maners, as by their teachyng.

Tem whether the same scholemapsets a teachers doo well and diligently applye their scho- 2 lers, teaching and hearyng them often, and dyscretly bling them.

Tem whether the layd scholemapsters and teas chers do cause their scholers to faste, to pray, to ferue god, and to feare hym, to come often to the churche, to heare masse, and all other deupne service, and to honor and reverence every person, according to hys bocation and degree.

Tem whether there be anye other grammer 4 taught and learned within the citye and diocesse of London, then that grammer, whiche was let tothe in the tyme of our late Soueraigne Lozde, kinge Henry the Eyghte.

Tem whether that anye printer dwellinge in Paules Churcheparde, within the parphe of 5 layncte laythes in London, in the tyme of king Edwards the lirts, and the years of our lord M. D. Li, heretycally, maliciously, a naughtly did imprinte a grams

a grammer in Englythe and Latyne, puttyng in the Latyne grammer but only two facramentes, it is to wite, haptisme and the supper of our loade, infectyng thereby the youth, and other, to thinke a beleue, that there be no mooze facramentes in chaystes churche, but those two.

Do teache and instructe any hys scholers in any poynte of herelye, eyther in the Articles of our fayth, or the tenne commaundementes, eyther in the sacramentes of the churche, or other thynges, receasued and beleued in the catholike churche.

Tem whether anye teacher or scholemayster doo teache or reade to any hys scholers any eugl or noughty corrupte boke, ballade, or wrytyng, or do interpretate and sette for the buto any of them the newe testamente in Englishe or Latyne, or anye other bokes Englishe or Latyne, concerning scrypture, not expedient for ponge children to medie with all.

Teache any hys scholers to holde, mayntayne, be send, or believe any heresy, error, false doctrine, or oppnyons, contrary to the catholike fayth, and deter mynatyon of the same.

CArticles concerning midderviues and luch, as come to the travaple of women berng with childe.

It whether there be any woman, gooth i occupie of exercise the office and rowne of a midde wife, before the be examined and ad mitted by golstop, or ordinary of this dioceste, or his chauncelor, or comissary, having sufficient aucthoritie (except in time of extreame nescessitie) where the presence of the middewife can not be had.

Tem whether such as heretofoze hath bene allowed a admitted to the sayd rowme a office of
a middewise, be catholike a faithful, discrete and
sober, diligent, and ready to helpe enery woman trauapling of chylde, as well the pooze as the riche.

Tem whether any middewife, or other woman coming to g trauayle of any woman with child, 3 do ble or exercise any witchecrast, charmes, sortery, inuocations or prayers, other then suche, as be alowable, and may stande with the lawes and ordinaunces of the catholike churche.

Tem whether any middewife, of any other wos man denieth of letteth, so muche as lyeth in her, 4 that the childe beinge newe borne, thall not be brought to the Churche there to be decentlye, reues rently and orderly baptifed, a the mother thereof after a convenient time likewife purified, according to the olde auncient a godly seremonies, a custome of geatholike churche, heretofore vied in that behalfe, a whether the sayd middewife, of any other suche wos man do attempte, vie, or do any thinge in thys mats ter, contrary to the sayd custome, or otherwyle undes

cently and busemely.

diocesse by them selses, or by similer counsaple have purified them selses after their owne deut ses, and fantalies, not comming to the churche, according to the laudable custome heretofore bled in the same, where the priest wold have bene ready to do it, and some of the multitude to have bene witnesses accordingly.

Jem whether there be any other disorder or esuall behaviour, concerning the sayd midde wysues, or the woman brought a bedde, or lyinge in childebedde, or any other woman, coming to the lastor, or visitings the woman, that so lieth in childebedde, and whether the nourse attempte, or do anye thyng visiting.

Carticles concerning the oxiginal patrones of benefices, and other, that have advoulons of the layd benefices.

Jest whether the layd patrones a other having advoulons of the same, doo dily, gently and saythfully present a sufficiet a able clercke to be admytted to the besnesice bacante within dewe tyme, or els uffre the benefice to remayne and about songe

boo suffre the benefyce to remayne and abyde longe bacant, or do present an bumeete and buable person to the same, offendyng god and hyg owne conscience in soo doing.

3tem

Tem whether the lapde Datrons,oz other ha 2 upnge fuch aduousong, doo practyle or coues naunt in any maner of wife with any priefte Dis rectly og indirectly, (before, og after he hath promp. fed or geuen hys prefentation) to have the benefice in farme bim felfe oz bis frendes, oz to haue the mans tion boule, the glebe landes, fruites a commodities therof, or some good fleese or part therof, papinglitle or nothyng for the lame, or to have his owne tithes free being a remaining within the lapde benefice, oz fome yearely pention, portion, or annuitie, or fome co moditie to him, his child, kinfman, feruaut, or frende. or ble any other colour, decepte; or fallehead, and the prieft prefented to ferue for a pearely ftipende, farre under the balue of the benefice.

Tem whether the laybe patrones, oz other, ha= 2 uing fuch aduousons of any churche oz chappell with cure or withoute cure , haue pulled bowne the faro churche or chappel, or taken away the leade. the belies, the ornametes, or other woodes of plame, or in any wife spoyled it, connertinge the tithes, pro= fices, commodities, revenues, & possessions therof to his owne ble a comoditie, a putting the same church or chappell to prophane and braodip bles declaring who, and howe many there be, that so Doth.

Tem howe manye benefices be nowe bacaunte within this citie of Lando, ozin other places of the diocesse of London, who be the patrones thereof, howelonge they have bene bacaunt, a who both recease the tithes, oblations, profites, and coms modities of the fame, duryng the tyme of the bacatis

Œ.U.

on thereof.

Tem whether in such patronages or advoulons there be any other disorder, or bulawful doing, a synally to inquire a searche saythfully, truely, and disigently, whether in this Cytye or Brocesse of London there be any other thinges amyse, worthy correction and resormation.

The tenour, forme, and effect of the othe, giuen by the layd bilthop of London, to & inquilitors & learthers for knowledge of thinges amille, especially concerning the articles before rehearled.

@ thali fet afpde all worldip loue and fauoz, all hatred and displeasure, all hoope of re. ward a meede, al carnall affection a corrup. tron, all worldely respectes a conderatios, that myght firre and move you to declyne from the trueth, or to adde buto the trueth, or to pul any thing away from it, ye that have the feare of god before your face, the terrible Judgemente of god at the daye of done, the daunger and pervil of your conscrence in hidring or alternig the trueth, pe hall confider the honeftge of your felues and your good name , the bos nestie and profpte of your parythe, that you come for, and finally the honour of the kynge and Queene of thys Realme, and the Realme it felfe, wethall other honest consideratyons and motyues, that may firre and mone you godly, a thefe thinges confides red, pe wall farthfully, truely, playnly, bprightly, cha ritably, Diferetly and indifferently fearche & inquize for all thinges, which in your conscience, and in the opinion opinion and Judgemente of good men, are to be featched and inquired for, especially suche thinges, as are
mentioned in certaine Articles, delivered but o you
by your ordinary, and you thall brying in your certificate and report fully a perfectly in wryting, sealed to
your seales, or subscribed with your handes to youre
sayd ordinarie, or his officer, having sufficient auctoritte therein on this side the

hereof, as God hal helpe you, a the hole dome, and the contentes of this booke.

FINIS.

EXCVSVM

Londini in ædibus Iohannis Camodi Typographi Regiæ Maiestatis.

> Anno. M. D. L 1111. Mense Septembri.

Cum privilegio Regia Maiestatis